

# THE LANCET.



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## NOTICE OF AN EARTHQUAKE. AT SAENA IN PERU; BY JOHN REID, ESQ. Communicated by the Author.

SAENA, 11th November, 1833.

SIR—The place from which I write is situated forty miles N. NW. of the port of Arica, on the coast of Peru, and twenty five miles inland from the point of the bay of the same name, laid down in our maps as the Morra de Sama. The surrounding country is a part of that hopeless waste which reaches along the coast from Tambo to the confines of Chili, on which nature in denying it rain has set the impress of eternal sterility.

The Cordillera of the Andes, which runs nearly the whole extent of this side of South America, parallel with the coast, is distant only about twenty miles, and presents the sublime summits of Tacora, and three other nameless mountains, covered, for several thousand feet, with perpetual snow, glittering under the pure sunshine of a tropical sky. The climate from our proximity to the Cordillera on the one hand and the Pacific ocean on the other, is one of the finest in the world; seven years of almost constant observation have given me a medium of 63 deg., as the general average temperature of day and night. Rain, in the proper sense of the word, is unknown in winter. We have sometimes a drizzling mist during the night; but even this is rare, and wind, except in the slight southerly trade breeze, which sets in about mid-day and calms about sun set, is utterly unknown. A small stream, dignified by the name of River, descends from the Cordillera, and by its careful distribution, supports the luxuriant vegetation which environs the town, but these advantages are more than counterbalanced by our exposure to earthquakes.

On the night of the 8th of October, 1831, at a quarter past 9 o'clock the first great "terremoto," for a period of nearly a century, took place here. Its approach was announced by a hollow rumbling subterranean noise not unlike, but much louder than distant thunder. This lasted for about ten seconds, and was followed by a violent vertical movement of the earth, which continued for nearly seventy seconds more. Many of the houses were thrown down, the walls of the others shattered in every direction, and in some cases pieces of buildings were detached from the middle of walls, leaving the edifice uninjured.—This earthquake ruined the unfortunate town of Arica, was felt at the very extremity of the republic in the south, and as far north as Camana, a line covering seven degrees of latitude along the coast. It was also felt at sea, at a distance of 100 miles from Arica, and at Chuquiesca, 400 miles inland, shaking in its centre not only the immense breadth of the main Cordillera, but the lateral chain of Portosi; on the eastern extremity of which Chuquiesca is situated. The great shock was followed by two others at 11 P. M. and 5 of the following morning, and the earth continued sensibly trembling for at least a fortnight afterwards, up to the seventh of February, 1832. I counted ninety seven distinct shocks, and from that day the greater part of the earthquakes we have had have taken place without the noise which used formerly to precede them.

On the morning of the 18th September last, precisely at 6 o'clock, another dreadful convulsion of the earth occurred here, which entirely destroyed at least 1000 of the twelve hundred houses in this unfortunate city, besides completing the utter ruin of Arica, and the other small towns of the province. This earthquake commenced in its full force without any preceding noise. It lasted forty-three seconds, and the movement of the earth was horizontal, with two or three undulatory oscillations, the most alarming and dangerous of all. Those, who like myself, may have frequently experienced similar things, will easily agree with me, that it is no time for exactness in calculation, nor could I speak with precision to the duration of this convulsion in which my personal safety was in many ways threatened; but for the fact of having had my watch at the mo-

ment of its occurrence in my hand, and having presence of mind enough to note the instant when it ceased, I am inclined to believe that the three oscillations occurred every second. The subterranean noise was dreadful, infinitely louder than any thunder I ever heard; and I have been in many thunder storms on the summit of the Andes. Many poor people lost their lives, and all were driven to the surrounding desert, to seek safety in distance from the dangerous vicinity of walls and houses.

On the evening preceding the two earthquakes, of which I have spoken, the atmosphere was very dense, and ominous inexplicable stillness seemed to prevail, broken only at intervals by the breathing of an air of wind, which appeared to have no determined direction, and was felt within the doors the same as in the street. The atmosphere appeared to be in a highly electrical state, and many people taking notice of these things, were in some degree prepared for the coming calamity.—Nor was the howling of dogs and braying of Jack-asses during the night disregarded. In countries exposed to earthquakes, people acquire a habit of observing any thing considered as an inclination, as well as a delicacy in the perception of the slightest shake, which appears to a stranger ridiculous timidity. Two or three circumstances came under my own observation, which seemed to prove that some powerful agent is at work in the atmosphere besides the hidden one below the surface. A great number of empty glass phials I found the next day standing where they had been left; but the stoppers were scattered in all directions about the room. A few others containing different liquids were thrown from the shelves and broken, but no empty one had ever fallen on its side. On a highly varnished new table at which I had the night before been reading, the varnish became so fluid that it passed through the boards of several books, and they the next day appeared as if glued to the mahogany. From several large earthen jars sunk in the earth, the water was thrown in considerable quantity over the mouth, although in none of them was it nearer to the top than 3 to 4 feet. One singularity in the dog is remarked here, and it is, that immediately after the shock, whether strong or weak, the dogs of the place all run to drink at the nearest water.

TALMA.—The proprietor of one of the provincial theatres in France, to repair the beggarly account of empty boxes, announced the arrival of "Talma, the great Talma, the Roscius of the French stage, for that night only." It so happened that Talma himself arrived at the town on the very day. Seeing his name announced in the play bills for the part of Mahomet, he debated with himself whether he should send for the director of the theatre, and reproach him with the imposition he was about to practice upon the public. On reflection, he considered it better to go to the theatre, and see from the boxes himself perform on the stage. He found, as might be expected, that this representative was a miserable actor, but bore a strong personal resemblance to him. Talma could not bear to see the part and himself murdered, and getting round to the green room, made himself known to Mahomet, who was thunderstruck: the manager appeared, and Talma very good naturedly told him to be under no alarm, for the actor had only to unrobe, and he would take his place. The delight of the manager and all the actors can easily be conceived. Talma himself appeared, and went through the remainder of the play, electrifying, by his astonishing powers, the audience, which was surprised to see how he improved as he went on; for, in order that the transition might not be too abrupt, Talma commenced by imitating the voice and manner of the pseudo Roscius.

MANUFACTURE OF BEADS.—Venice is the great mart for beads; they are made on the Island of Murano, in the vicinity of Venice. The glass is melted as for other purposes, and two men take out a small quantity of the melted mass upon their rods and blow it until a rude cane is formed about six inches in di-

ameter, having the rod attached to the apex. They then join the large open ends, which cohere, endorsing a body of air; they then run in opposite directions about 75 feet each, forming a glass tube 150 feet long. This is cut up into rods 27 inches long, which are cut by another set of workmen into pieces whose length is twice the diameter. They are then put into a quantity of ashes, formed into a paste, and kneaded up until the tubes are filled with the ashes; they are next put into a sheet iron cylinder through which goes a crank; this is thrust into a furnace and heated and revolved rapidly, by which means the beads are softened and formed into globes. They are then assorted and prepared for market. The above is compiled from an article in Silliman's Journal, written by one who has recently visited the factories and describes what he saw.

Mr. Cobbett's visit to Ireland.—There can be no doubt we think, that the visit of Mr. Cobbett to Ireland will be productive of good. He has been certainly very well received, for, with the exception of the Orange Journals, whose calumnies upon him he ought to consider compliments, there has not been manifested any disposition among the more respectable and intelligent classes of the community—certainly not amongst those attached to the present Irish Government—to remember what many of them might consider his faults as a writer or as a politician. On the contrary, any one of understanding, aware of the high intellect, the wonderful energy, and the marvelous history of the man, felt an anxiety to see and to honor a person whose name has become almost a household word among us. Mr. Cobbett has been often described, and the description must be familiar to our readers. We need only say that he appeared to us to have the unpretending plain and quiet manners of a sensible English gentleman.—*Dublin Eve. Post.*

THE KENTUCKIAN'S NOTION OF BEING IN THE COMPANY OF FINE LADIES.—"Were you ever in the company of fine ladies?" asked Chevillere.

"Yes! and flummuck me if ever I want to be so again; for there I sat with my feet drawn straight under my knees, head up, and my hands laid close along my legs like a new recruit on drill, or a horse in the stocks; and twist me, if I didn't feel as if I was about to be nicked. The whole company stared at me as if I had come without an invite; and I swear I thought my arms had grown a foot longer, for I could not get my hands in no kind of a comfortable fix—first tried them on my lap, there they looked like going to prayers, or as if I was tied in that way; then I slung them down by my side, and they looked like two weights to a clock; and then I wanted to cross my legs, and I tried, but my leg stuck out like a pump-handle: then my head stuck up through a glazed shirt collar like a pig in a yoke: then I wanted to spit, but the floor looked so fine that I would as soon have thought of spitting on the window; and to fix me out, they asked us all to sit down to dinner! Well, things went on smooth enough for a while, till we had got through one whet at it. Then the imp of a nigger come to me first, with a waiter of little bowls full of something, and a parcel of towels slung over his arm: so I clapt one of the bowls to my head, and drank it down at a swallow. Now stranger, what do you think was in it?"

"Punch, I suppose, or perhaps apple toddy."

"So I thought, and so would any body as dry as I was, and that I had been laying in!—but no! it was warm water! Yes! you may laugh! but it was clean warm water. The others dipped their fingers into the bowls and wiped them on the towels as well as they could for giggling: but it was all the fault of that pampered nigger, in bringing it to me first. As soon as I caught his eye, I gin him a wink, as much as to let him know if ever I caught him on my trail, I would wipe him down with a hickory towel."—*Kentuckian in New York.*



TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 11.

THE RESULT.—Annexed will be found the reported result of the late election in all the counties of the state, except Alleghany, Cattaraugus, Chautauque, Franklin and St. Lawrence; by which it will be seen that as far as ascertained Gov. Marcy has a majority of near 15,000 over Seward. The counties above named will probably decrease that majority about 2000, which will still leave Marcy elected by about 13,000 majority—nearly 3000 more than he received at his former election.

"The great result then is, [remarks the Evening Post,] that New York, under all the efforts of panic, and all the revolutionary labors of the Bank, its orators and its agents, has given an increased majority in favor of the Democratic Party and of the measures and policy of Andrew Jackson.

"Among the marked features of this great political conflict, which will be the subject of future comment, is the indelible mark which the people of this state have placed upon political apostasy. Never before, in the history of the politics of this country, has this vice of unstable and venal minds, been exhibited with a bolder audacity, or with more shameless profligacy. The great and salutary measures adopted by the President and his administration, to sustain the country against the wicked and powerful efforts of a corrupt Moneyed Corporation, to cripple the country, and to bring the Chief Magistracy and the popular representation within its grasp, was the signal for these acts of apostasy, and to place the authors of them not only first in the confidence but highest on the list of the candidates of federalism. That degraded party not only consented to applaud the treason, but to stoop to follow at the beck and under the banners of the traitors. It is significant of the justice and the signal measure of their fate—that not one of them has escaped the annihilating rebuke of the People."

|             | Marcy. | Seward. |
|-------------|--------|---------|
| New York    | 2327   |         |
| Kings       | 555    |         |
| Queens      | 139    |         |
| Suffolk     | 1134   |         |
| Westchester | 724    |         |
| Putnam      | 456    |         |
| Dutchess    | 1011   |         |
| Columbia    | 288    |         |
| Rensselaer  | 25     |         |
| Washington  |        | 1500    |
| Sullivan    | 300    |         |
| Richmond    |        | 63      |
| Orange      | 897    |         |
| Ulster      | 1900   |         |
| Greene      | 808    |         |
| Albany      | 100    |         |
| Saratoga    | 300    |         |
| Schenectady | 50     |         |
| Otsego      | 700    |         |
| Montgomery  | 886    |         |
| Oneida      | 700    |         |
| Schoharie   | 800    |         |
| Herkimer    | 1700   |         |
| Clinton     | 500    |         |
| Warren      | 540    |         |
| Delaware    | 1788   |         |
| Onondago    | 600    |         |
| Madison     | 475    |         |
| Chenango    | 600    |         |
| Essex       |        | 650     |
| Rockland    | 809    |         |
| CAYUGA      | 715    |         |
| Lewis       | 500    |         |
| Seneca      | 283    |         |
| Tompkins    | 300    |         |
| Wayne       | 179    |         |
| Yates       | 146    |         |
| Broome      |        | 400     |
| Monroe      |        | 876     |
| Ontario     |        | 1393    |
| Richmond    |        | 63      |
| Tioga       | 1000   |         |
| Cortland    |        | 150     |
| Erie        |        | 2791    |
| Genesee     |        | 2730    |
| Niagara     |        | 512     |
| Livingston  |        | 1200    |
| Orleans     | 119    |         |

|        |        |                         |
|--------|--------|-------------------------|
| 18,608 | 16,736 | William Schureman.      |
| 18,900 | 19,993 | Isaac Odell.            |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Benjamin Ringgold.      |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Andrew C. Wheeler.      |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | James I. Roosevelt, Jr. |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Charles Henry Hall.     |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Charles P. Clinch.      |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Prosper M. Wetmore.     |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Job Haskell.            |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Thomas N. Carr.         |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Christopher C. Rice.    |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Herman J. Quackenbos.   |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Thomas Hertell.         |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Austin Baldwin.         |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | John Morss.             |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Robert Taylor.          |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | John B. Scoles.         |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Abel Decker.            |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Hamilton Fish.          |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Anson Baker.            |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Joseph Blunt.           |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | Silas Brown.            |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | James J. Jones.         |
| 18,934 | 18,934 | George Zabriskie.       |

## MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

[As far as ascertained.]

|              |                                  |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| 1st district | Abel Huntington,* of Suffolk.    |
| 2d "         | Samuel Barton, of Richmond.      |
| 3d "         | C. C. Cambreleng,*               |
|              | Campbell P. White,*              |
|              | John McKeon,                     |
|              | Ely Moore, New York.             |
| 4th "        | Aaron Ward,* of Westchester.     |
| 5th "        | Abm. Bockee,* of Dutchess.       |
| 6th "        | John W. Brown,* of Orange.       |
| 7th "        | Nicholas Sickles, of Ulster.     |
| 8th "        | Aaron Vanderpool,* of Columbia.  |
| 9th "        | Valentine Efner, of Schoharie.   |
| 10th "       | Hiram P. Hunt, of Rensselaer.    |
| 11th "       | Gerrit Y. Lansing,* of Albany.   |
| 12th "       | John Cramer,* of Saratoga.       |
| 13th "       | David Russell, of Washington.    |
| 14th "       | Dudley Farlin, of Warren.        |
| 15th "       | Matthias J. Bovee, of Montg'y.   |
| 16th "       | Abijah Mann, jr.,* of Herkimer.  |
| 17th "       | Samuel Beardsley,* of Oneida.    |
|              | Joel Turrill,* of Oswego.        |
| 18th "       | Daniel Wardwell, of Jefferson;   |
| 19th "       | Sherman Page,* of Otsego.        |
| 20th "       | William Seymour, of Broome.      |
| 21st "       | William Mason, of Chenango.      |
| 22d "        | Joseph Reynolds, of Cortland.    |
| 23d "        | Wm. Taylor,* of Onondago.        |
|              | Wm. K. Fuller,* of Madison.      |
| 24th "       | Ulysses F. Doubleday, Cayuga.    |
| 25th "       | Graham H. Chapin, Wayne.         |
| 26th "       | Francis Granger, of Ontario.     |
| 27th "       | Joshua Lee, of Yates.            |
| 28th "       | Timothy Childs, of Monroe.       |
| 29th "       | George W. Lay,* of Genesee.      |
| 30th "       | Philo C. Fuller,* of Livingston. |
| 31st "       | Abner Hazletine,* of Chautauque. |

|           |                          |
|-----------|--------------------------|
| 1st Ward. | William L. Marcy.        |
| 2d "      | William H. Seward.       |
| 3d "      | John Tracy.              |
| 4th "     | Silas M. Stilwell.       |
| 5th "     | Coe S. Downing.          |
| 6th "     | Ebenezer Seely.          |
| 7th "     | John J. Morgan.          |
| 8th "     | Charles G. Ferris.       |
| 9th "     | William Sampson.         |
| 10th "    | Adoniram Chandler.       |
| 11th "    | Churchill C. Cambreleng. |
| 12th "    | Campbell P. White.       |
| 13th "    | Ely Moore.               |
| 14th "    | John McKeon.             |
| 15th "    | Gulian C. Verplanck.     |
| 16th "    | Ogden Hoffman.           |
| 17th "    | James G. King.           |
| 18th "    | Dudley Selden.           |
| 19th "    | John Hillyer.            |
| 20th "    | Linus W. Stevens.        |
| 21st "    | Thomas Jeremiah.         |
| 22d "     | Charles F. Grim.         |

32d " Thomas C. Love, of Erie.  
 33d " Gideon Hard,\* of Orleans.  
 (To fill vacancies in present Congress.)  
 3d " John I. Morgan,  
 Charles G. Ferris, New York.

\*Members of the present Congress.  
 Messrs. Hunt and Russell are opposition.

Mrs. Fanny Kemble Butler.—A correspondent of the Boston Transcript, writing from Philadelphia, under date of 5th Nov. quotes an extract from a page of Mrs. Butler's Trollopiana on Americans and their manners, which will give our citizens some idea of what was passing in the bosom of their gentle guest whilst eating their dinners, pocketing their thousands, and slaving them with catch-penny compliments. It appears from the extract, "that she dined at Mr. H—'s (probably Mr. Hone's) and, speaking of the entertainment, says: 'How shall I describe the dinner? It was—abundant. Yes, that's the term;' and then proceeds to Trollopize the uncivilized manners of the people—because finger glasses were not used at the table. She complains that the New Yorkers received her father coldly, and that the pit did not rise (!) on his entrance, and that his playing Hamlet—his personation of which character she praises as perfection itself—before such an audience, was 'casting pearls before swine!' In another place she says she 'detests actors and editors,' and in another—but that I must reserve for oral communication, by and bye. When Fanny Kemble wrote the book she did not expect so soon to become

Official Return of Votes Given at the Congressional, State, and County Election, November 3, 1834.

Mrs. Butler's publication.

McDOW

Ma. Ed. store, and mal. I pol approve of towards the none but a her I was Now, Sir, Dowall an about in the because the think such any female haps the of his refo her zeal

The p yesterday day, the pers of the 10th. T

—Merca The P railed a Spain he b. lieved

It is s with the resemble of men. age or the atro outrage

A fir extensi Liverpool cotton whole

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Mrs. Butler, and Mrs. Butler will have cause to regret its publication, or I am mistaken."

#### McDOWALL'S JOURNAL AND ITS FEMALE PEDLAR.

Ms. EDITOR—A hag looking female came into my store, and asked me if I would buy McDowall's Journal. I politely told her no. She asked if I did not approve of it? I told her I did not. She then moved towards the door, and turned round and said that none but a libertine would object to it. I then told her I was much obliged to her for the compliment. Now, Sir, I should like to know whether Mr. McDowall and his friends approve of females going about in this way, and insulting respectable citizens because they will not buy his Journal? I do not think such work is very creditable to the modesty of any female, whatever it may be to her zeal. Perhaps the now very pious and zealous lady is one of his reformed "Magdalens," which may account for her zeal and abuse.

NO LIBERTINE.

#### LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The packet ship *Virginian*, Capt. Harris, arrived yesterday from Liverpool, whence she sailed on Sunday, the 12th ult. We have received Liverpool papers of the 11th, and London to the evening of the 10th. They continue without much political interest.—*Mercantile*.

The Paris papers of the 8th state that a rumor prevailed at Bordeaux on the 4th, that the Queen of Spain had been dethroned—but the report was not believed.

It is stated that the civil war in Spain is carried on with the most savage cruelty, and the slaughter more resembles the carnage of wild beasts than the strife of men. No quarter is given—no mercy is shown to age or infancy. Both parties vie with each other in the atrocity of their crimes, and recriminations of outrage.

A fire broke out on the night of the 10th in the extensive warehouses of Messrs. Dover & Co., in Liverpool, at Launcelothey, and destroyed 1500 bales cotton, 900 hhds. sugar, and other property—the whole loss being estimated at £30,000.

In consequence of a report of the arrival of an express in the city from Madrid, Spanish stock rose from 57 1/4 to 59 buyers, since which a reaction took place of 1 per cent., and Spanish receded to 58. It is calculated that less than six months ago the average price which had been paid for all Spanish Bonds in England did not exceed £15, on which the present price offers a profit of nearly 200 per cent.

There has been a considerable melioration in the pressure for capital among the mercantile classes in the city, and although the attempt has been repeated to cause a renewal of the alarm felt a week or ten days ago of a panic, it has failed. There have been, however, one or two failures announced to-day; one, it is feared, to a pretty large amount, the unfortunate firm having been engaged in the fancy trade. The stock of the Four per Cents, held by dissentients to a renewal at a less rate, and which is shortly to be paid off, amounts to £3,500,000.

Some unpleasant rumors have been afloat to-day respecting the failure of a joint stock bank in Edinburgh, having a branch also in Glasgow. The foundation of them is, that the house in London conducting the agency for that bank refused acceptance yesterday to their bills, and to-day, it is added, has also refused payment to others which have arrived at maturity. There is hope that the rumors are unfounded.

The oldest person living has no recollection of any thing like the heat of the weather in the month of October with which it has this year set in.

DIED—On the 6th inst. Rear Admiral the Hon. George H. L. Dundas.

The Paris papers of this 8th have all been received, together with accounts from Bayonne up to the 4th inst. In the Parisian political and commercial circles nothing is now talked of but Spain—her wars, debts, deputies and dishonesty.

We learn from the German papers that the Duke of Saxe Altenburg died much regretted by all his subjects at his hunting seat, on the 11th ult. at the age of 72.

STUTTGARD, Sept. 27.—The vintage has been exceedingly productive in the whole country, especially on the banks of the Lake of Constance. The oldest inhabitants do not remember such a year. But what avails it! Heaven sends the fruit in such abundance, and man dares not eat it, for a malignant dysentery is raging in our beautiful country.

HEAT PRODUCED BY FRICTION.—We stated a few weeks since, that a machine had been invented in this state, to warm factories, and all large public edifices by *Friction*. We had but little definite knowledge then of its merits or structure, but within a few days we have seen it in operation in this town.

We now speak from personal observation. The machinery which generates the heat consists of a pair of horizontal circular plates of cast iron enclosed in a brick oven, about four feet in diameter, and weighing 1600 pounds. They operate upon each other precisely like a pair of mill stones, with this exception, the upper one is stationary and the lower one revolves. The ordinary speed is eighty revolutions a minute, and the velocity is sufficient in two hours to raise the thermometer in the oven in which they are enclosed to 500 degrees. The size of the plates, their thickness and the velocity with which they revolve, are considerations which the size of the building to be heated must regulate. From the top of the brick enclosure or oven, a funnel is projected, and from this, heat can be thrown off, as through ordinary furnaces, to any part of the building. We saw the machine put in operation when cold, and in fifteen minutes, the heat from the mouth of the funnel in an upper story, was almost too much for the naked hand to bear. There is yet much scepticism as to its final success, but we can see no reason for it ourselves. It has been thought the iron plates will soon wear out, and it is ascertained by experiments that these smooth, hard surfaces, will extract from each other but very little. The machine is exceedingly simple in itself, can be put up and kept in operation by a band passed round a shaft inserted in the lower cylinder, and without danger or attendance, kept in operation day and night, with the aid of a water wheel.—*Northampton Courier*.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—The Rev. Mr. Abbott, of Windham, N. H., and Capt. John Dinsmore, of the same place, were drowned on Sunday afternoon last, in Cobbet's Pond, in Windham, while attempting to cross it in a small boat on their return from meeting. There were in the boat at the time, besides the two who were drowned, two sons of the Rev. Mr. Abbott, and two sons-in-law of Mr. Dinsmore, who reached the shore in safety. Mr. Abbott was formerly settled in Beverly in this state, and was beloved and respected by all who knew him. Capt. Dinsmore was a man of great respectability, and one of the most useful citizens in the town where he resided—their loss is a public calamity.—*Boston Post*.

UNCOMMON OCCURRENCE.—On Thursday last, some persons were opening an old well in Hawkins street, for the purpose of placing in it a suction pipe. Before any attempt was made to descend, a light was brought, in order, by letting it down, to ascertain whether the air was fit for respiration. The moment the light was held over the well, an instantaneous combustion took place, emitting a light blue flame, accompanied with intense heat, and jarring the ground and buildings for some rods around. Two men, who were standing at the top of the well, were considerably scorched and blistered.—*Advertiser*.

ONE HUNDRED GUNS, upon the Boston Common, announced yesterday, that the PEOPLE had triumphed in New York, by a great majority; upwards of TWO THOUSAND gain since the last Spring!—*Bost. Daily Reformer*.

CHAMBERS' EDINBURGH JOURNAL.—By William Chambers, Author of "The Book of Scotland," &c. and by Robert Chambers, Author of "Life and Adventures of the Chevalier Charles Stuart," "Traditions of Edinburgh," "Picture of Scotland," &c.

On Saturday, Nov. 8, the Subscriber commenced the Publication of "CHAMBERS' EDINBURGH JOURNAL." This work was commenced by the Messrs. Chambers, in February 1832, and in a comparatively short time obtained a circulation exceeding 50,000 copies. The Journal contains, consistently with the greatest simplicity of style, and the utmost purity of diction, a large variety of pieces in each number, all calculated either to enlarge the intellect, or to improve the heart. There are frequently contained within the limits of one paper, a summary of general or particular history, an historical or moral tale, a description of some popular or ancient custom, with its origin, a biographical notice of some eminent man, an interesting extract from an intelligent traveller, hints on emigration, or forming settlements, a popular account of some medical experience, a discovery, an invention, or an improvement in arts, a description of an ancient city, or some other point of antiquity, interesting ancient, shrewd observations and reflections, points in natural history, some account of a modern city, its inhabitants, manners, &c. with sundry varieties, all relieving each other, and no part being either vapid or useless.

The editors themselves have long been distinguished in the world of letters, and besides their personal exertions, they give ample occupation to other men of learning, so that this publication does not come before the world as a collection of articles compiled or extracted from other printed matter, but contains

original articles in his own columns. Its character and merit may be shortly summed up as follows:—the matter is extremely varied,—it is altogether devoted to subjects useful, or rationally entertaining, to the world at large, it is clothed with simplicity, yet perspicuity of language, its morals are sound, and its religion pure, and it comes within the means of the most humble class of readers.

The work will be published every Saturday, commencing with the 2d volume of the original work. Each number will contain eight pages royal quarto, on good paper and new type.

Terms:—\$1 50 per annum, in advance, or three cents per No. on delivery, and in Monthly Parts, containing 4 numbers, neatly stitched in a printed cover, 12 1/2 cents. Communications (post paid) to be addressed to

R. J. RICHARDS, 45 Ann street, New York.

Any person obtaining five subscribers and paying in advance, will be entitled to a sixth copy, gratis.

Agents wanted to obtain subscribers to the above work. Apply at 45 Ann street, from 9 to 11, A. M.

#### DEMOCRATIC WORKING MEN'S GENERAL COMMITTEE.

The members of this committee are requested to meet at the Fourteenth Ward House, corner of Grand and Elizabeth streets, on WEDNESDAY evening, Nov. 7, at half past seven o'clock.

It is important that the delegation from each ward attend, bringing with them the subscription papers and the money collected for the mother of the unfortunate Perry, so that the business on that subject may be closed, and the proceeds transmitted to her at an early day.

JOHN H. BOWIE, Chairman.

John Windt, Rec. Secretary.

Wm. Froment, Cor. Secretary.

3t

Publishers of newspapers, and the public generally, are cautioned against a smooth tongued chap, named MICHAEL KENNEDY, of Hartford, Ct., who obtained papers to a considerable amount from us, and, to all appearances, intends to defraud us of our share of the proceeds. Unless we hear from him, he shall hear from us more particularly in a few days.

Extra copies of the Man containing the GOVERNOR'S LETTER for sale at this office.

A few extra copies of this paper containing the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States, are for sale at this office.

FOR SALE—A few sets of The Man—complete.

WANTED—A Carrier for the Man, in that part of the Seventh Ward below Rutgers street. Also, one for that part of the city below Fulton street, and east of Broadway.

#### MARRIAGES.

Oct. 30, by the Mayor, Mr. Nicholas G. Didrickson, to Miss Martha Tucker, both of this city.

#### DEATHS.

November 9, Mr. John Peterson, in the 54th year of his age. October 17, Dr. George H. Lewis, aged 30, formerly of Hartford Conn.

October 2, at the Island of Jamaica, Andrew Farquhar, of the firm of Alexander Barclay & Co. aged 34.

Sept. 25, N. Hart, aged 75 years, father in law to S. I. Tobias, of this city.

November 10, of consumption, in the 77th year of his age, Mr. James Boyd, a native of Ireland.

November 10, after a short illness, Catherine Ann, wife of Isaac Brown, in the 36th year of her age.

#### MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

##### ARRIVED.

Packet ship *Virginian*, Harris, Liverpool, Oct. 12.

Ship *Cahawba*, Smith, Mobile, 20 days.

Ship *Bristol*, Adams, Bristol, Eng. Oct. 4.

Ship *Exio*, Walker, Rio Janeiro, Sept. 6.

Brig *Splendid*, McKenzie, T. Is. and

Brig *York*, Nichols, Charleston, 13 days.

Brig *Lydia*, —, Turks Island, 20th ult.

Brig *Fides*, (Danish) Cloten, Malaga, 49 days.

Brig *Pavillion*, Case, Baltimore.

Brig *Attakapas*, Drummond, Frankfort, Me.

Schr *Marengo*, Soule, Laguna, 39 days.

##### CLEARED.

Ships Congress, Kimball, Vera Cruz, E. K. Collins: Echo, Mallet, N. Orleans, C. & J. Barstow; Bayard, Benne, Charleston, S. Hicks & Sons; Sw barque *Lydia*, Siahre, Antwerp, Boorman, Johnston & Co; brig *Index*, Clarke, Valparaiso, Grinnell, Minturn & Co; Elizabeth, Stevens, Marseilles; Champlain, Drinkwater, St. Thomas; Iko, Whitman, Jacksonville, E. F.; Nimrod, Eason, St. Johns; schrs Union, Mitchell, Bermuda; Pennsylvania, Fisher, Matanzas; David Pratt, Tobacco.

#### PASSENGERS.

In the *Virginian*, from Liverpool—Mr. Brooks and lady, Miss Warran, Mr. Hadden, Mr. E. Depeyster, John W. Depeyster, P. Kerney, Jr., J. E. James, of New York; Rev. H. J. Whitehouse, of Rochester, N. Y. Mr. Batterby & lady, Mr. Murray and lady, Mr. Anderson, Mr. Lamb, of Charleston; Mr. Geo. D. Cammack, Mr. Patterson, of N. Orleans; Mr. Bones and lady, of Augusta; Mr. Green, of Boston; Mr. T. B. Molineux, Mr. Robt. Mein, of Liv'l, and Mr. Goldsworthy, of Quebec.

BALL.—The first of four Balls, to be termed SOCIAL BALLS, will be held at CONCERT HALL, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 12. Tickets \$100 each, to be had of Mr. Bond's Bowery; Mr. P. M. P. Durando, 60 Chatham street; Messrs Matsel, 94 Chatham street; Mr. Stephen Durando, 13 Carmine street; Mr. Grant, 315 Broadway; of Mr. James Thompson, 192 Broadway, and at the door. n11 2t\*

PAINE'S POLITICAL WRITINGS IN WEEKLY NUMBERS.—No. 5, containing a continuation of THE CRISIS, is published THIS MORNING, at No. 6 Thames street, and is for sale by the Carriers of the Man, and Working Man's Advocate. The work will compose two volumes, and there will be 12 numbers to a volume, price 12 cents each.

No. 6, will be published on Saturday next. n8

FOUND—A small bundle was found in the street, the owner applying at this office can have it, by paying for this advertisement. n9



## INSURANCE OF LETTERS.

Money sent by Mail to any Post Office in the United States, or the British North American Provinces, will be insured by application to B. BATES, at the New York Post Office. Ample security is given for the repayment of the money, if lost.

## RATES OF INSURANCE.

|                  |               |
|------------------|---------------|
| \$25 and under,  | \$0 50 cents. |
| 50 do.           | 75            |
| 100 do.          | 1 00          |
| 1000 1 per cent. |               |
| 2000 1 do.       |               |
| 5000 1 do.       |               |

Any sum above \$5000, such premium as may be agreed on.  
my17 tf

## COUGHS, COLDS, AND SORE THROAT—

Are immediately relieved by the Subscriber; also all Fevers, inflammation of the Lungs, Stomach and Bowels, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, &c. &c. in a few hours time. Swellings of the Glands and Ague in the breast, relieved in one or two hours without lancing.

Persons afflicted with diseases of a delicate stamp can apply with assurance of having speedy help, and however desperate this or other disorders may be, despair not; the subscriber's new and important discoveries in medicine and skill in applying, may yet restore you, as they have others pronounced incurable. N. DAVIDSON, Botanical Physician 51 Cherry Street. n7 2w\*

**JAMES PEARCE, MACHINIST,** 114 Cliff st. near Frankfort street, Lathe and Tool Maker, Manufacturer of Brass Counter Railing, Locksmith and Bell Hanger. Every description of Brass and Iron Work finished to any pattern. All kinds of Dentists' Grind Stones fitted up. Smiths' work in general. All kinds of Lapidary Machines fitted up. All orders promptly attended to, and executed on very moderate terms. o15 tf

**LATHES** on hand for sale. Also a number of CROW BARS, by **JAMES PEARCE, Machinist,** 114 Cliff street. o14tf

**SCREWS.**—A quantity of flat threaded Screws for sale by **JAMES PEARCE, Machinist,** 114 Cliff street. o14tf

**WANTED IMMEDIATELY.**—The following Nos. of the Working Man's Advocate, for which 6 cts. each will be paid:  
Vol. I. Nos. 41, 42, and 51.  
Vol. III. Nos. 35, 44.  
Vol. IV. Nos. 7, 8, 18.  
Vol. V. No. 1. o23

**AN ADDRESS TO THE WORKING MEN OF NEW ENGLAND,** on the state of Education, and on the condition of the Producing Classes in Europe and America—with particular reference to the effects of Manufacturing (as now conducted,) on the health and happiness of the poor, and on the safety of our Republic: Delivered in Boston, Charlestown, Cambridgeport, Waltham, Dorchester, Mass., Portland, Me., and Dover, N. H.

The above is the title of a Pamphlet of 40 8vo. pages, recently published in Boston by Seth Luther, the Author, some of the principal subjects of which are enumerated as follows:

Children of the poor, as well as of the rich, entitled to instruction.

Ukase for the relief of the Shipwrights, Caulkers & Gravers. The Splendid Example of England.

Half the population of England and Wales paupers, the "Splendid Example" of their manufacturing establishments notwithstanding.

Poverty and Starvation near Spitalfields, an English manufacturing district in London.

Fifteen hours labor from children and others.

Dr. Smith's account of deformity amongst factory children.

Mr. Oastler's account of a poor factory girl.

A boy in a factory flayed from his neck to his heels.

Forty seven children out of one hundred and sixty-seven, deformed, by excessive labor, in one mill.

Mr. Allen's account of abandoned females in Manchester.

Mr. Hewitt's account of Spitalfield weavers.

Dr. Thackeray's account of factory children stunted, &c.

Hon. Daniel Webster's opinion in 1824.

National Wealth and National Glory!

A Senator's Visit to the cotton mills.

Females deprived of fresh air.—Rebellion among them.

Difference between working four hours for eight dollars and fourteen hours for seventy-five cents.

Factory girl's leg broke with a billet of wood thrown by an overseer.

Waltham factory pays from \$10 to \$43 a month, "according to strength."

Pulling off Hats in Dover, N. H.

Bunker Hill Monument, &c.

"Combinations" and "Excitements."

Roston Harbor used for a tea pot.

Method of supporting Religious Worship at factories.

Females in the parlor, and females in the factory.

How Dick Arkwright the barber, became Hon. Sir Richard Arkwright.

"All men created equal."

The little factory girl.

Child drowned himself to escape work in the factory at Mendon, Mass.

Sample of independent voting.

Conditions on which help is hired, Dover N. H.

Milk business, at Dover, N. H.

37 The above noticed work is for sale at the Office of the Working Man's Advocate, No. 6 Thames st., N. Y. m11

**JUST RECEIVED,** and for sale at this Office, "The Senators Unmasked: being a Letter to Mr. Daniel Webster, on his speech in the Senate of the United States, asking leave to bring in a bill to continue for six years the Charter of the Bank of the United States. By Thomas Brothers, (of Philadelphia.)"—Price 12 cts.

Also, "Gold against Paper, or Mr. Benton's Wind up of the Bank."—Price 3 cts. y 19

**OLD PAPERS.**—A considerable quantity for sale at the office of the Working Man's Advocate. jy23

**PRINTING.**—Book and Job Printing, of every description, at No. 6 Thames street near Broadway, by G. H. Evans.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE STORE.**—W. H. SWEET respectfully informs his friends and customers in this city and its vicinity, and dealers in the Southern States, that he has extended his business so as to meet all orders, both Wholesale and Retail, at a short notice. He continues his establishment at the corner of Canal and Hudson streets, where he will compete with any workman in the United States in Manufacturing Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, in all its various branches, for machinists, families, &c.

STOVES of the most approved patterns, both for wood and coal, constantly on hand, at the lowest prices.

Kitchen Ware Furniture of every description constantly on hand.

Southern merchants will find it to their interest to deal with him, as his prices are low and his delivery punctual.

W. H. SWEET.

**MARSHALL'S INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR THE PILES.**—This medicine is prepared from a vegetable, and will be found a radical cure for that distressing disorder. Since its discovery, (which was by mere accident,) numbers have been cured, after having been afflicted for twenty years. The first application affords great relief, and perfect cure is effected in a few days. To convince the public it is a sovereign remedy, the following certificate is subjoined.

City of New York, 13th Oct. 1833.—Having been afflicted with the Piles for two years, and having applied for medical aid in Philadelphia, Baltimore, Albany, and New York, without success, until advised by a friend to try Dr. Marshall's infallible Remedy, which gave immediate relief, and proved a cure within twenty four hours.

To be had only at B. Marshall's Drug Store, No. 54 Orange street. Price—2oz. vials, 50 cents—4 oz. 1 dollar. o17 1m

**UNITED STATES CLOTHES DRESSING ESTABLISHMENT,** 128 Broadway 2 doors below Congress Hall. LOINES & POERSCHKE respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced business at the above stand, where they will attend to cleaning and dressing Clothes by Steam, upon an entire new plan, and will warrant them, (if not too much worn,) to appear equal to new.

POERSCHKE, from Poland, from his practical knowledge of this business, in England, France, Spain, Germany and Russia, can assure those, who will favor them with their custom, that they will be convinced of their superior skill and ability in the business of Clothes cleaning, dressing and repairing.

This business has heretofore been neglected in this country. The public are now informed, that on application to LOINES & POERSCHKE, their commands will be promptly answered, and the work done to their entire satisfaction. je26tf

**NO CURE NO PAY.**—No. 1 Depeyster, two doors from the corner of 141 Water street, between Maiden Lane and Pine street.

**DOCTOR HUNTER,** late of the Strand, London, Member of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of London, Honorary Member of the Medical Faculty of Edinburgh and Paris, will engage to cure the following diseases:—Dyspepsia, Consumption in its incipient stage, Liver affections, obinate Ulcers, Piles, Hernia, Strictures, Diseases incident to Females, Nervous Atrophy, Fever and Ague. Also, a certain disease in all its various forms—the progress of this insidious malady is immediately arrested, the virus neutralized, the constitution protected—all without Mercury. Hours of attendance from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M. au29ly

**TO PRINTERS, BOOKSELLERS, & PUBLISHERS.**—CONNER & COOKE, Type and Stereotype Founders, and Publishers, offer for sale, at the corner of Nassau and Ann streets, New York, Printing Types, at six months credit, or 7 1/2 per cent. deduction for cash at the price affixed.

Their Type will be found as perfect, and made of as good materials, at least, as that manufactured at any other establishment; it is nearly all of an entire new cut; is lighter faced than any other exhibited, and will consequently wear longer, look better, take less ink and less labor in working than most other type.

Diamond per lb. \$2; Pearl \$1.40; Nonpareil 90; Minion 70; Brevier 50; Bourgeois 40; Long Primer 40; Small Pica 38; Pica and English 36; Great Primer 34; Double Pica 32; Six line Pica and all larger 30.

Leads of every thickness and size constantly on hand; cuts of every description on metallic bodies; Presses, and all other articles necessary for a printing office furnished to order.

Printers can be supplied with second hand type which has only been used for stereotyping, on very favorable terms.

Old type received in exchange at \$9 per 100 pounds.

N. B. Stereotype of every description will be thankfully received, and attended to with correctness and despatch. my2

**LOCKS, GUNS, BELLS, &c.**—JOSEPH ROSE, Jr. Lock and Gun Smith and Bell Hanger, 20 Catherine street, near Oak street, New York.—Rifles and Guns of all descriptions made to order. Guns stocked, polished, altered to percussion, &c. Ships supplied with arms and ammunition. Military Companies furnished with Guns. LOCKS made and repaired. HOUSE BELLS hung in the neatest manner. A general assortment of Guns, Pistols, Sportsmen's Articles, &c. &c. au1

**DAVID B. COOK & C. MORRIS, MERCHANT TAILORS,** No. 44 Fulton street, 3 doors from Pearl street, New York.

N. B.—Southern and Northern Merchants' and all other orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to. Clothes cut and made in the most fashionable style and warranted to fit; also military work executed in superior style. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Ladies' Cloth CLOAKS cut and made, spunged and pressed. jy9 tf

**THE DIEGESIS.**—Being a Discovery of the Origin, Evidences, and Early History of Christianity, never yet before or elsewhere, so fully and faithfully set forth. By the Rev. Robert Taylor, A. B. M. & R. C. S.—Last edition.—Just received and for sale by G. W. & A. J. MATSELL, No. 94 Chatham street. o14

**WARNER.**—Landscape, Room, Sign and Transparency, Painter—4 Doyce street—Chatham Square. au30 tf

**LIFE OF JEFFERSON,** with selections from his Private Correspondence. Just received and for sale at the office of this paper. Price \$1 00 je2

**COAL COOKING STOVES.**—The subscribers offer for sale, at No. 250 Water street, Parker's patent Coal Cooking Stoves, adapted for the use of coal or wood, for city and country use. These stoves can be surpassed by none for simplicity, durability and economy.

Also a general assortment of Cooking Stoves, of the most approved patterns, for wood, various patterns of open and close Stoves, for burning wood or coal; and a general assortment of TIN WARE. J. MONTFORT & Co. 250 Water st. o263m

**WOOLLEY'S PATENT PREMIER BED STEADS.** Persons desirous of purchasing Bedsteads, whether the sofa, chair sideboard, counter, or ordinary, will find it to their material advantage to call and examine those manufactured at the corner of Broadway and White street, by E. S. WOOLLEY. The ordinary Bedsteads of his manufacture have sacking bottoms so constructed as to be tightened with a key—an invention universally pronounced superior to any other plan for the sacking bottom Bedsteads. The Cot Bedsteads are of equal finish and pleasing appearance with the ordinary bedsteads; have sacking similarly constructed with them, and can be taken down at will with the utmost ease and rapidity. Woolley's Sofa Bedsteads, for beauty, durability, economy and accommodation, defy competition—they will contain a durable sacking bottom bedstead, with bed and bedding, without the least injury to their beauty or use as a parlor sofa. These bedsteads have been considered of such decided superiority, as to uniformly receive the first premiums at the last three successive anniversaries of the American Institute. Attention is respectfully invited to the "Chair Bedstead," invented for the accommodation of the sick. This invention has proved so successful as to receive the general approbation of the Medical Profession, and is of such great benefit to persons confined to the bed, that it is believed every family would avail themselves of its use if they would but call and examine its utility. More explicit description is deemed needless, as persons wishing to purchase will call and examine for themselves, and the proprietor is confident that all, upon observation, will be convinced of the advantage in economy and comfort to be derived from Bedsteads of his manufacture. my24

**PIANO FORTE WAREHOUSE.**—ROBERT NUNNS CLARK, & Co., late R. & W. NUNNS, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have always on hand an assortment of cabinet, harmonic, and square Piano Fortes, from their manufactory, at their warehouse, No. 137 Broadway, two doors north of the City Hotel.

The extensive sale which the Instruments of their manufacture have had throughout the United States for some years, has made them so well known as to preclude the necessity of saying anything with regard to the quality of the Instruments bearing their name; they can only add, that the result of many years' experience in this branch of manufacture, added to the extended scale, they are prepared to carry it out, will enable them to offer advantages to purchasers equal to any other house in this Union.

Orders from the country punctually attended to, and old Piano Fortes taken in exchange. my24

**DIARRHEA, OR BOWEL COMPLAINT, AND CHOLERA MORBUS.**—A specific which effects a cure of either of the above disorders, generally in one or two hours, is sold by George D. Coggeshall, Druggist, general agent for New York, No. 521 Pearl street, corner of Rose street; R. P. Tanner & Co., corner of Broadway and Grand street; E. C. & R. E. Moss, corner of Grand and Cannon streets; and H. N. Gamble, No. 91 Bowery. Price, 25 cents per bottle, which cures from 2 to 5 cases.

This medicine has been used in several thousand cases, and it is believed not to have failed to give immediate relief in one of an hundred. It is equally efficacious in the disorders of adults and children. It is of importance that the medicine be used in the early stage of the disease, if practicable. Where it has been so used, it has not been known to fail of success.

Families and travellers, at this season, will find it advantageous to be provided against sudden attacks. 24tfmy

**WORKS ON THE CURRENCY.**—For sale at the office of this paper, and by Edward Earle, Paterson, N. J.

Gouge's American Banking System, Price \$1 00  
Cobbett's Paper against Gold, 75  
Hale's "Useful Knowledge for the Producers," &c. 14  
Roosevelt's "Mode of Protecting Domestic Industry," &c. 20  
s16

**MANIFOLD WRITER.**—J. GILCREIST manufactures and keeps for sale this convenient and useful article, at his establishment, 102 Broadway, New York, where the public are invited to call and examine the article for themselves. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

N. B. This apparatus, for simplicity and despatch, surpasses all other modes of writing when copies are wanted. je20

**LIFE OF ANDREW JACKSON,** by WILLIAM COBBETT. Reprinted in full from the London edition, and containing the paper read at the Cabinet. Price 6 cents single, or \$4.50 a hundred, for sale at the office of this paper, No. 6 Thames street. o 15

**TO PRINTERS.**—For sale, a set of Distributors for a Superroyal Press; a large Washing Trough; a set of column rules (28 in number) 17 1/2 inches in length; a quantity of leads and cross rules 14 1/2 pica ems in length; a number of roller stocks and handles, &c. s4

**TAILORING.**—JAMES YOUNG, Merchant Tailor, No. 295 Division street, respectfully informs his numerous friends and Customers, and the Public in general, that he continues to make Coats, Vests, and Pantalons, at the following reduced prices, viz:

COATS made and trimmed for from \$6 00 to \$8 00

PANTALONS and VESTS . . . 1 50 to 1 75

The articles will be all of superior workmanship and warranted to fit. my24

THE MAN is published by GEORGE H. EVANS, at the office of the WORKING MAN'S ADVOCATE, No. 6 Thames street, near the City Hotel, Broadway.

AGENTS—George Dunn, Newark; Edward Earle, Paterson.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square, a year, \$30 00 One square, a month, \$3 00

" 6 months, 15 00 " 2 weeks, 2 00

" 3 months, 7 50 " 1 week, 1 50

" 5 months, 5 00 " 1 time, 75

All advertisements (except yearly) to be paid for in advance. A square is 16 lines.